RCMFX-2R INTELLIGENT CO. ROOM SENSOR

Mounting and operating instructions







Table of contents

SAFETY AND PRECAUTIONS	3
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	
ARTICLE CODE	
INTENDED AREA OF USE	
	4
STANDARDS	
OPERATIONAL DIAGRAMS	
	6
MOUNTING & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS IN STEPS	6
OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	
VERIFICATION OF INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	10
TRANSPORT AND STORAGE	10
WARRANTY AND RESTRICTIONS	10
MAINTENANCE	10



SAFETY AND PRECAUTIONS



Read all the information, the datasheet, Modbus map, mounting and operating instructions and study the wiring and connection diagram before working with the product. For personal and equipment safety, and for optimum product performance, make sure you entirely understand the contents before installing, using or maintaining this product.



For safety and licensing (CE) reasons, unauthorised conversion and / or modifications of the product are inadmissible.



The product should not be exposed to abnormal conditions, such as extreme temperatures, direct sunlight or vibrations. Long-term exposure to chemical vapours in high concentration can affect the product performance. Make sure the work environment is as dry as possible; avoid condensation.



All installations shall comply with local health and safety regulations and local electrical standards and approved codes. This product can only be installed by an engineer or a technician who has expert knowledge of the product and safety precautions.



Avoid contacts with energised electrical parts. Always disconnect the power supply before connecting, servicing or repairing the product.



Always verify that you apply appropriate power supply to the product and use appropriate wire size and characteristics. Make sure that all the screws and nuts are well tightened and fuses (if any) are fitted well.



Recycling of equipment and packaging should be taken into consideration and these should be disposed of in accordance with local and national legislation / regulations.



In case there are any questions that are not answered, please contact your technical support or consult a professional.





PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The RCMFX-2R are intelligent room sensors featuring adjustable temperature, relative humidity and CO_2 ranges. The used algorithm controls a single analogue / modulating output based on the measured T, rH and CO_2 values, which can be used to directly control an EC fan, an AC fan speed controller or an actuator powered damper. All parameters are accessible via Modbus RTU.

ARTICLE CODE

Code	Supply	lmax
RCMFF-2R	18—34 VDC	100 mA
RCMFG-2R	15-24 VAC ±10%	105 mA
	18—34 VDC	100 mA

INTENDED AREA OF USE

- Demand controlled ventilation based on temperature, relative humidity and CO2
- Suited for residential and commercial buildings
- For indoor use only

TECHNICAL DATA

- Spring contact terminal blocks
- Analogue / modulating output type:
 - ▶ 0—10 VDC mode: $R_1 \ge 50 \text{ k}\Omega$
 - ► 0-20 mA: R₁ ≤ 500 Ω
 - ▶ PWM (open-collector type): PWM Frequency: 1 kHz, $R_L \ge 50$ kΩ; PWM voltage level 3,3 or 12 VDC
- Selectable temperature range: 0-50 °C
- Selectable relative humidity range: 0—100 %
- Selectable CO₂ range: 0—2.000 ppm
- Replaceable CO₃ sensor element
- 3 LEDs with adjustable light intensity for status indication
- Ambient light sensor with adjustable "active"/"standby" level
- Accuracy: ±0,4 °C (range 0-50 °C); ±3 % rH (range 0-100 % rH); ±30 ppm CO2 (400-2.000 ppm CO2)
- Enclosure:
 - rear plate: plastic ABS, black (RAL 9004)
 - ► front cover: ASA, ivory (RAL 9010)
- Protection standard: IP30 (according to EN 60529)
- Typical range of use:
 - ▶ temperature: 0—50 °C
 - ► rel. humidity: 0—95 % rH, (non-condensing)
 - ► CO₂: 400—2.000 ppm
- Storage temperature: -10—60 °C

STANDARDS

Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU:

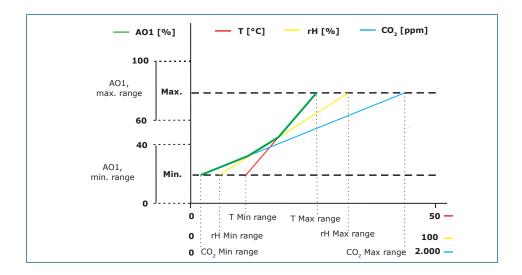
CE

- ► EN 60529:1991 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code) Amendment AC:1993 to EN 60529
- ► EN 60730-1:2011 Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use Part 1: General requirements
- EMC Directive 2014/30/EC;
 - EN 60730-1:2011 Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use -Part 1: General requirements



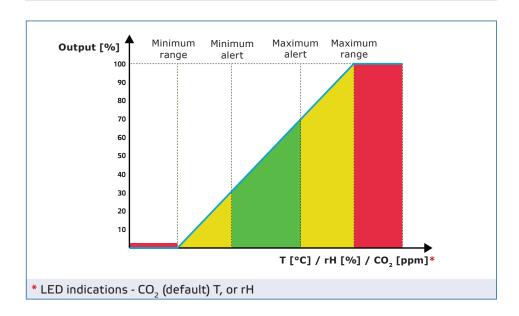
- ▶ EN 61000-6-1:2007 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 6-1: Generic standards-Immunity for residential, commercial and light industrial environments
- ▶ EN 61000-6-3:2007 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 6-3: Generic standards Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments Amendments A1:2011 and AC:2012 to EN 61000-6-3
- ► EN 61326-1:2013 Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirements Part 1: General requirements
- ▶ EN 61326-2-3:2013 Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirements Part 2-3: Particular requirements Test configuration, operational conditions and performance criteria
- WEEE 2012/19/EC
- RoHs Directive 2011/65/EC

OPERATIONAL DIAGRAMS





The output changes automatically depending on the highest of the T, rH or CO_2 values, i.e. the highest of the three output values controls the output. See the green line in the operational diagram above. One or multiple sensors can be deactivated. E.g. it is possible to control the output based on the measured CO_2 value only.







WIRING AND CONNECTIONS

Article type	RCMFF-2R	RCMFG-2R			
VIN	18—34 VDC	18-34 VDC	15-24 VAC ±10%		
GND	Ground	Common ground	AC ~		
Α	Modbus RTU (RS485), signal A				
/B	Modbus RTU (RS485), signal /B				
A01	Analogue / modulating output (0—10 VDC / 0—20 mA / PWM)				
GND	Ground AO1	Common ground			
Connections	ons Spring contact terminal blocks, cable cross section: 1,5 mm²				



The -F version of the product is not suited for 3-wire connection. It has separate grounds for power supply and analogue output. Connecting both grounds together might result in incorrect measurements. Minimum 4 wires are required to connect -F type sensors.

The -G version is intended for 3-wire connection and features a 'common ground'. This means that the ground of the analogue output is internally connected with the ground of the power supply. For this reason, -G and -F types cannot be used together on the same network. Never connect the common ground of -G type articles to other devices powered by a DC voltage. Doing so might cause permanent damage to the connected devices.

MOUNTING & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS IN STEPS

Before you start mounting the unit, read carefully "Safety and Precautions". Choose a smooth surface for installation (a wall, panel, etc.).

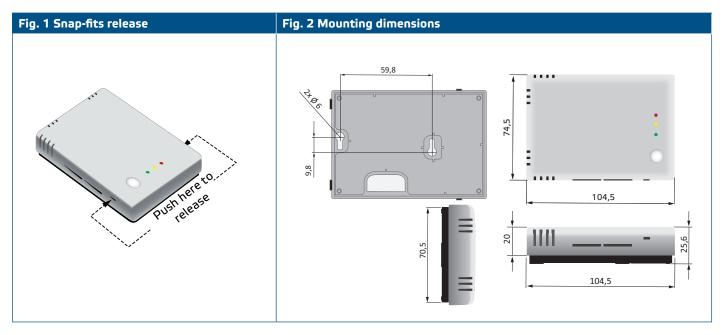


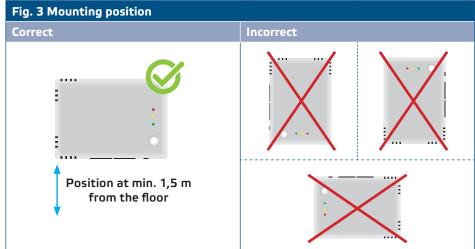
Mount the sensor in a well-ventilated area, where it receives adequate airflow for proper operation and hide it from direct sunlight. Make sure it can be easily accessed for service.

Follow these steps:

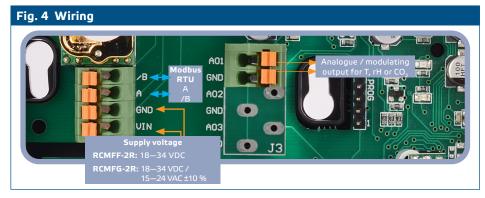
- **1.** Using a flat screwdriver, remove the front white cover by releasing the snap-fits on both sides (see **Fig. 1** *Snap-fits release*).
- 2. Insert the cables through the opening on the rear plate (see Fig. 2 Mounting dimensions.)
- **3.** Using suitable fastening materials (not supplied), position the room sensor at least 1,5 m from the floor. Mind the correct mounting position and unit dimensions (see **Fig. 2** and **Fig. 3**).







4. Do the wiring according to the wiring diagram (see Fig. 4).



- 5. Put back the cover and snap it in.
- **6.** Switch on the mains supply.
- 7. Customise the factory settings to the desired ones via the 3SModbus software or Sensistant (if necessary). For the default factory settings see the Modbus register map of the product.

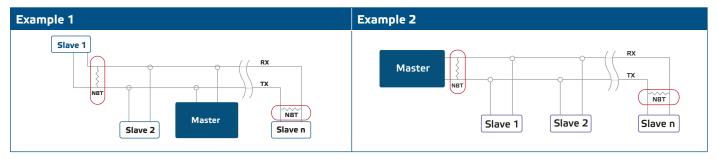




For the complete Modbus register data, see the Modbus Register Map of the product. This is a separate document linked to the article code on the website containing the list of registers. Products with earlier firmware versions may not be compatible with this list.

Optional settings

To assure correct communication, the NBT needs to be activated in only two devices on the Modbus RTU network. If necessary, enable the NBT resistor via 3SModbus or Sensistant (*Holding register 9*).





On a Modbus RTU network, two bus terminators (NBTs) need to be activated.



The sensor is not designed, manufactured or intended for use or re-sale as control or monitoring equipment in environments requiring life safety performance, in which the failure of the sensor could lead directly to death, personal injury or severe physical or environmental damage.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Calibration procedure

Sensor calibration is not necessary. All sensor elements are calibrated and tested in our factory.

In the unlikely event of CO₂ sensor element failure, this component can be replaced.

Firmware update

New functionalities and bug fixes are made available via a firmware update. In case your device does not have the latest firmware installed, it can be updated. SenteraWeb is the easiest way to update the firmware of the unit. In case you do not have an internet gateway available, the firmware can be updated via the 3SM boot application (part of the Sentera 3SMcenter software suite).

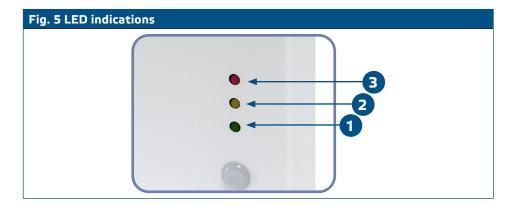


Make sure the power supply does not get interrupted during "bootload" procedure.

LED indications

- When the green LED is on, the measured value (temperature, relative humidity or CO₂) is between the minimum and maximum alert range values (Fig. 5).
- When the yellow LED is on, the measured value (temperature, relative humidity or CO₂) is in the alert range (Fig. 5).
 - The yellow LED is blinking when the Modbus communication has stopped and HR8 is activated (Modbus timeout > 0 seconds).
- **3.** When the red LED is on, the measured value (temperature, relative humidity or CO₂) is below the minimum measurement range value or above the maximum value. Blinking red LED indicates loss of communication with a sensor (**Fig. 5**).







When the sensor is in bootloader mode, the green and yellow LEDs flash alternately. During the firmware upload, the red LED is flashing additionally.



By default, the LED indication refers to ${\rm CO_2}$ measurements. This can be changed to relative humidity or temperature values via Modbus Holding Register 79 (see Table Holding registers).



The intensity of the LEDs can be adjusted between 0 and 100 % with a step of 10 % according to the value set in Holding register 80.

Ambient light sensor

The measured light intensity in lux is available in Input Register 41. Additionally, an active and standby level can be defined in Holding registers 35 and 36. Input Register 42 indicates if the measured value is below standby level, above active level or in between both levels:

- Ambient light level < standby level: Input Register 42 indicates "Standby".
- Ambient light level > active level: Input Register 42 indicates "Active".
- Standby level < Ambient light level < Active level: Input Register 42 indicates "Low intensity".





VERIFICATION OF INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

After switching on the power supply one of the LEDs lights up according to the status of the measured variable. If this is not the case, check the connections.

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Avoid shocks and extreme conditions; stock in original packing.

WARRANTY AND RESTRICTIONS

Two years from the delivery date against defects in manufacturing. Any modifications or alterations to the product after the date of publication relieve the manufacturer of any responsibilities. The manufacturer bears no responsibility for any misprints or mistakes in this data.

MAINTENANCE

In normal conditions this product is maintenance-free. If soiled, clean with a dry or damp cloth. In case of heavy pollution, clean with a non-aggressive product. In these circumstances the unit should be disconnected from the supply. Pay attention that no fluids enter the unit. Only reconnect it to the supply when it is completely dry.