

Frequency inverters

AC Variable Speed Drive

IP20 & IP66 (NEMA 4X)

0.37kW - 22kW / 0.5HP - 30HP 110 - 480V 3 Phase Input

Mounting and operating instructions



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Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODE-3 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.05 Firmware

User Guide Revision 2.00

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Quick Start Up

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

1.2. Quick Start Process

CI			D-
Step	Action		Page
I	Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular	2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number	/
	- Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply		
	- Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the		
	full load current for the intended motor		
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	9.1. Environmental	37
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units) ensuring	3.1. General	9
	suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP66).	3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units	9
		3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units	10
		3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units	11
		3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)	12
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes	9.2. Rating Tables	37
6	If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect	38
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.10. EMC Compliant Installation	19
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable	4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections	16
11	Ensure wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line	4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection 9.2. Rating Tables	15 37
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the	4.1. Connection Diagram	14
	protective earth connection is made	4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection	15
		4.3. Incoming Power Connection	15
		4.4. Motor Connection	16
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application	4.6. Control Terminal Wiring	16
		4.10. EMC Compliant Installation	19
		7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations	31 35
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring	7.8. Example Connection Diagrams	33
15	Commission the drive parameters	5.1. Managing the Keypad	20
IJ	Commission the drive parameters	6. Parameters	22

1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage

If the drive has not been powered, either unused or in storage, the DC Link Capacitors require reforming before power may be connected to the drive. Refer to your local sales partner for information regarding the correct procedure.

1.4. Quick Start Overview

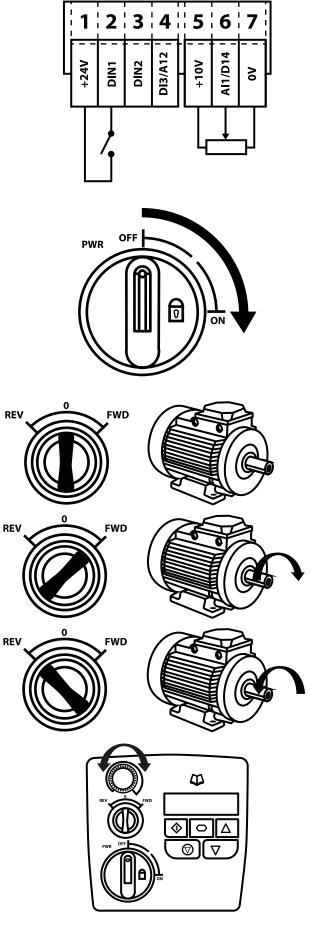
Quick Start - IP20 & IP66 Non Switched

- Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2
 - o Close the Switch to Start
 - o Open to Stop
- Connect a potentiometer ($5k 10k\Omega$) between terminals 5, 6 and 7 as shown
 - o Adjust the potentiometer to vary the speed from P-O2 (OHz default) to P-01 (50 / 60 Hz default)

Quick Start - IP66 Switched

Switch the mains power on to the unit using the built in isolator switch on the front panel.

The OFF/REV/FWD will enable the output and control the direction of rotation of the motor.



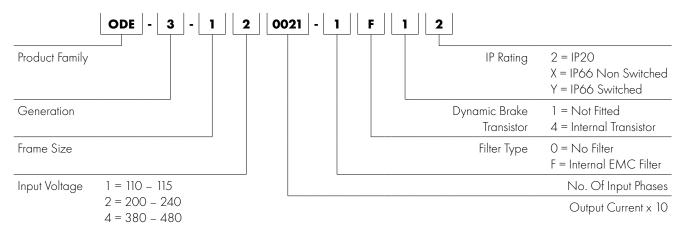
The potentiometer will control the motor shaft rotational speed.

2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the Optidrive E3 including how to identify the drive.

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



2.2. Drive Model Numbers

110) – 115V ± 10% - 1 Phase In	put – 3 Phase 2	30V Output (Vo	ltage Doubler)	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	nr nr	(A)	Frame Size
N/A	ODE-3-110023-101#		0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-110043-101#		1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-210058-104#		1.5	5.8	2
	200 - 240V ± 10%	6 - 1 Phase Inpu	t – 3 Phase Out	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	пР	· (A)	Frame Size
ODE-3-120023-1F1#	ODE-3-120023-101#	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
ODE-3-120043-1F1#	ODE-3-120043-101#	0.75	1	4.3	1
ODE-3-120070-1F1#	ODE-3-120070-101#	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-1F4#	ODE-3-220070-104#	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-1F4#	ODE-3-220105-104#	2.2	3	10.5	2
N/A	ODE-3-320153-104#	4.0	5	15.3	3
	200 - 240V ± 10%	6 - 3 Phase Inpu	t – 3 Phase Out	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	nr nr	(A)	Frame Size
N/A	ODE-3-120023-301#	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-120043-301#	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-120070-301#	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-3F4#	ODE-3-220070-304#	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-3F4#	ODE-3-220105-304#	2.2	3	10.5	2
ODE-3-320180-3F4#	ODE-3-320180-304#	4.0	5	18	3
ODE-3-320240-3F4#	ODE-3-320240-304#	5.5	7.5	24	3
ODE-3-420300-3F4#	ODE-3-420300-304#	7.5	10	30	4
ODE-3-420460-3F4#	ODE-3-420460-304#	11	15	46	4

Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current		
With Filter Without Filter		KVV	nr nr	(A)	Frame Size	
ODE-3-140022-3F1#	ODE-3-140022-301#	0.75	1	2.2	1	
ODE-3-140041-3F1#	ODE-3-140041-301#	1.5	2	4.1	1	
ODE-3-240041-3F4#	ODE-3-240041-304#	1.5	2	4.1	2	
ODE-3-240058-3F4#	ODE-3-240058-304#	2.2	3	5.8	2	
ODE-3-240095-3F4#	ODE-3-240095-304#	4	5	9.5	2	
ODE-3-340140-3F4#	ODE-3-340140-304#	5.5	7.5	14	3	
ODE-3-340180-3F4#	ODE-3-340180-304#	7.5	10	18	3	
ODE-3-340240-3F42	ODE-3-340240-3042	11	15	24	3	
ODE-3-440300-3F42	ODE-3-440300-3042	15	20	30	4	
ODE-3-440390-3F42	ODE-3-440390-3042	18.5	25	39	4	
ODE-3-440460-3F42	ODE-3-440460-3042	22	30	46	4	

For IP66 Non Switched Units, replace '#' with 'X' For IP66 Switched Units, replace '#' with 'Y'

3. Mechanical Installation

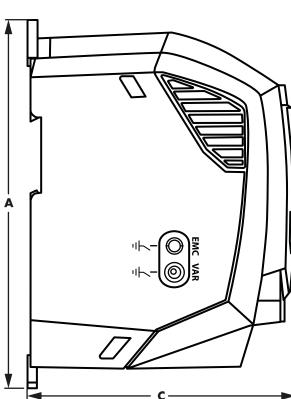
3.1. General

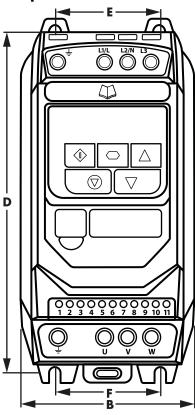
- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).
- IP20 Optidrives must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units and 3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 9.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 38 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units





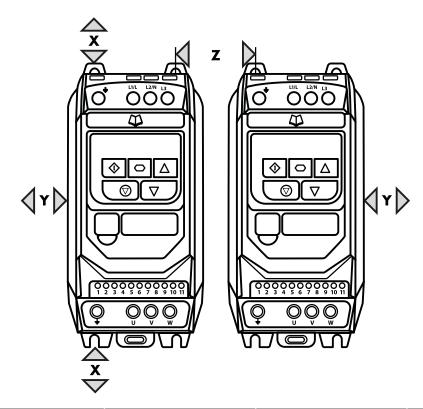
Drive	A		В		С		D		E		F		Weight	
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	Ib
1	173	6.81	83	3.27	123	4.84	162	6.38	50	1.97	50	1.97	1.0	1.0
2	221	8. <i>7</i> 0	110	4.33	150	5.91	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.7	1.7
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	175	6.89	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.2	3.2
4	420	16.54	171	6.73	212	8.35	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.1	9.1

Mounti	ng Bolts
Frame Size	
1 - 3	4 × M5 (#8)
4	4 x M8

Tightening Torques							
Frame Size	Power Terminals						
1 - 3	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	1 Nm (9 lb-in)					
4	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	2 Nm (18 lb-in)					

3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting - IP20 Units

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.
- The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size	Above 8	(& Below	Eithe	Y r Side	Betv	Z veen	Recommended airflow
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft3/min)
1	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11
2	<i>7</i> 5	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	22
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	60
4	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	120

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

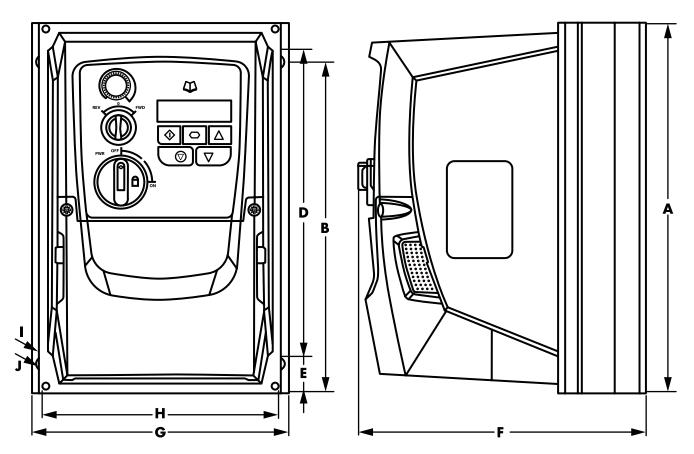
Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

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NOTE

3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units



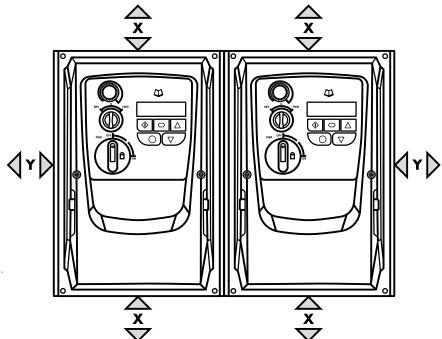
Drive	F	\	:	3	D			=	F		G	;	ŀ	1				J	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
1	232.0	9.13	207.0	8.15	189.0	<i>7</i> .44	25.0	0.98	179.0	<i>7</i> .05	161.0	6.34	148.5	5.85	4.0	0.16	8.0	0.31	3.1	6.8
2	257.0	10.12	220.0	8.67	200.0	7.87	28.5	1.12	187.0	<i>7</i> .36	188.0	<i>7</i> .40	176.0	6.93	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	4.1	9.0
3	310.0	12.20	276.5	10.89	251.5	9.90	33.4	1.31	252	9.92	211.0	8.30	197.5	7.78	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	7.6	16.7

Mounti	ng Bolts		Tightening Torque	es		
Frame Size		Frame Size	Frame Size Control Terminals			
All Frame Sizes	4 × M4 (#8)	All Frame Sizes	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	1 Nm (9 lb-in)		

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3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 9.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



Drive	X Above	& Below	Y Eith	er Side	Drive		Cable Gland Size	es
Size	mm	in	mm	in	Size	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables
1	200	7.87	10	0.39	1	M20 (PG 13.5)	M20 (PG 13.5)	M20 (PG13.5)
2	200	7.87	10	0.39	2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)
3	200	7.87	10	0.39	3	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)

NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / Nema rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

Cable Gland recommended Hole Sizes & types:

	Po	wer & Motor Ca	bles	Co	ntrol & Signal Ca	bles
Drive Size	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables
Size 1	22mm	PG 13.5	M20	22mm	PG 13.5	M20
Size 2 & 3	27mm	PG21	M25	22mm	PG 13.5	M20

Flexible Conduit Hole Sizes:

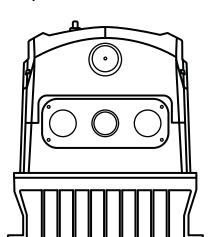
Drive Size	Drill Size	Trade Size	Metric
Size 1	28mm	³⁄₄ in	21
Size 2 & 3	35mm	1 in	27

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexibleconduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type").
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC.
- Not intended for installation using rigid conduit system.

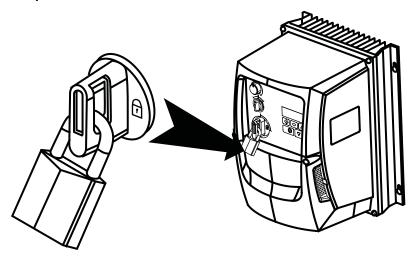
Power Isolator Lock Off

On the switched models the main power isolator switch can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

IP66 / Nema 4X Gland Plate



IP66 / Nema 4X Unit Lock Off

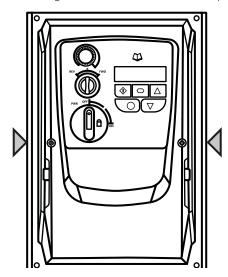


3.8. Removing the Terminal Cover

To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown.

IP66 / Nema 4X Units

Removing the 2 screws on the front of the product allows access to the connection terminals, as shown below.



3.9. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 9.1. Environmental.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

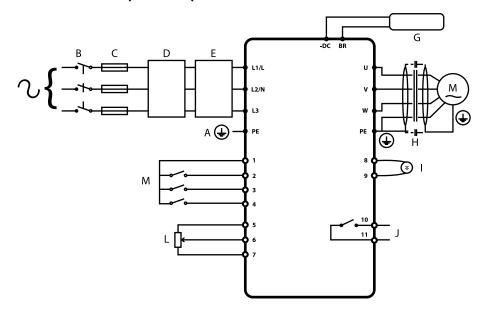
Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

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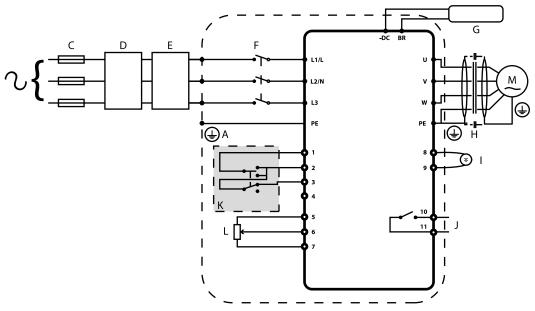
4. Power & Control Wiring

4.1. Connection Diagram

4.1.1. IP20 & IP66 (Nema 4X) Non-Switched Units



4.1.2. IP66 (Nema 4X) Switched Units



	Кеу	Sec.	Page
Α	Protective Earth (PE) Connection	4.2	11
В	Incoming Power Connection	4.3	12
С	Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	4.3.2	12
D	Optional Input Choke	4.3.3	12
Е	Optional External EMC Filter	4.10	14
F	Internal Disconnect / Isolator	4.3	12
G	Optional Brake Resistor	4.11	14
Н	Motor Connection		
1	Analog Output	4.8.1	14
J	Relay Output	4.8.2	14
Κ	Using the REV/O/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)	4.7	13
L	Analog Inputs	4.8.3	14
Μ	Digital Inputs	4.8.4	14

4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

Safety Ground

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

4.3.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.10 EMC Compliant Installation on page 14.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive
 and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe,
 EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 9.2.
 Rating Tables.

4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2. Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

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4.3.3. Optional Input Choke

- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:
 - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
 - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
 - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives).
 - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers
 are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
20011	1	OPT-2-L 1016-20
230 Volt 1 Phase	2	OPT-2-L1025-20
Timase	3	N/A
	2	OPT-2-L3006-20
400 Volt	2	OPT-2-L3010-20
3 Phase	3	OPT-2-L3036-20
	4	OPT-2-L3050-20

4.4. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.
- Where multiple motors are connected to a single drive using parallel cables, an output choke **must** be installed.

4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

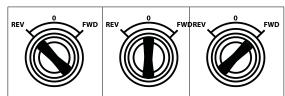
Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400		DELTA \triangle
400	400 / 690	Delta	U V W
400	230 / 400	Star	STAR A

4.6. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

4.7. Using the REV/O/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)

By adjusting the parameter settings the Optidrive can be configured for multiple applications and not just for Forward or Reverse. This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known and Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries.



	Switch Position			neters Set	Notes
	5 Wilcii i Osiiioii		P-12	P-15	Notes
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	0	Factory Default Configuration Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
STOP	STOP	Run Forward	0	5,7	Run forward with speed controlled form the local POT Run Reverse - disabled
Preset Speed 1	STOP	Run Forward	0	1	Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT Preset Speed 1 provides a 'Jog' Speed set in P-20
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	6, 8	Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
Run in Auto	STOP	Run in Hand	0	4	Run in Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT Run in Auto O Speed controlled using Analog input 2 e.g. from PLC with 4-20mA signal.
Run in Speed Control	STOP	Run in Pl Control	5	1	In Speed Control the speed is controlled from the Local POT In PI Control, Local POT controls PI set point
Run in Preset Speed Control	STOP	Run in Pl Control	5	0, 2, 4,5, 812	In Preset Speed Control, P-20 sets the Preset Speed In PI Control, POT can control the PI set point (P-44=1)
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	6	Hand – speed controlled from the Local POT Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	3	Hand – Speed reference from Preset Speed 1 (P-20) Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus
NOTE	To be able to a	djust parameter I	P-15, ex	tended	menu access must be set in P-14 (default value is 101)

4.8. Control Terminal Connections

Default Connections	Control Terminal	Signal	Description
			+24Vdc user output, 100mA.
	1	+24Vdc User Output	Do not connect an external voltage source to this terminal.
(3)	2	Digital Input 1	Positive logic
4	3	Digital Input 2	"Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V 30V DC "Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V 4V DC
<u></u>	4	Digital Input 3 /Analog Input 2	Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA
	5	+10V User Output	+10V, 10mA, 1kΩ minimum
7 0	6	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V
	7	OV	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 9
Ψ <u>Θ</u>	8	Analog Output / Digital Output	Analog: 0 to 10V, Digital: 0 to 24V 20mA maximum
	9	OV	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 7
	10	Relay Common	
	11	Relay NO Contact	Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc, 5A

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4.8.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on

The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
 - o The output is a 0 10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode
 - o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.

4.8.2. Relay Output

The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 24.

4.8.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 24.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 31.

4.8.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 31.

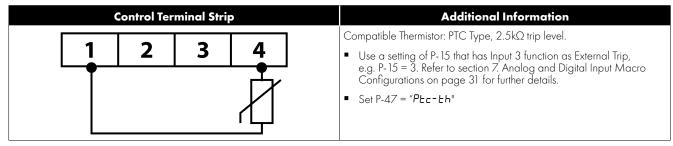
4.9. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.9.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.9.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



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4.10. EMC Compliant Installation

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C 16	Shielded ¹	Shielded 1,5		1M / 5M ⁷
C2	Shielded ²	Shielded ^{1, 5}	Shielded ⁴	5M / 25M ⁷
C3	Unshielded ³	Shielded ²		25M / 100M ⁷

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible. For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp.
- Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

4.11. Optional Brake Resistor

Optidrive E3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown.



The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your Invertek Sales Partner.

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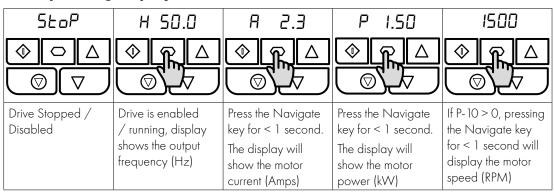
5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

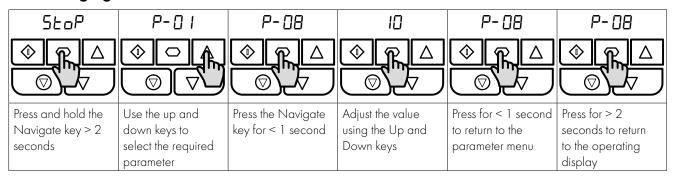
The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	

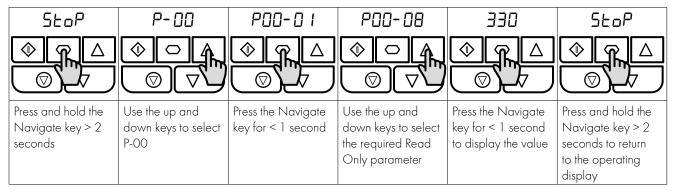
5.2. Operating Displays



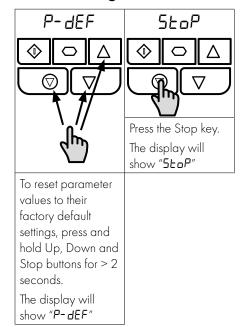
5.3. Changing Parameters



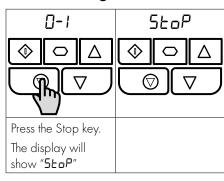
5.4. Read Only Parameter Access



5.5. Resetting Parameters



5.6. Resetting a Fault



6. Parameters

6.1. Standard Parameters

Par.	Descript	ion		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P-01	Maximu	m Frequency / Speed Limit		P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPA	
	Maximum	output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or F	RPM. If P-10 >	O, the value en	tered / displaye	ed is in RPM.		
P-02	Minimur	m Frequency / Speed Limit		0.0	P-01	20.0	Hz / RPA	
	Minimum	speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value e	ntered / disp	layed is in RPM				
P-03	Accelero	ıtion Ramp Time		0.00	600.0	5.0	s	
	Accelerati	on ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to base freq	uency (P-09)	in seconds.				
P-04	Decelero	ation Ramp Time		0.00	600.0	5.0	S	
	Decelerati	on ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to stan	dstill in second	ds. When set to	0.00, the value	of P-24 is used.		
P-05	Stopping	g Mode / Mains Loss Response		0	3	0	-	
	Selects the	stopping mode of the drive, and the behaviour ir	a loss of mains p	ower supply du	ing operation.			
				ns Loss				
	0	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	Ride Throu	gh (Recover en	ergy from load t	o maintain ope	ration)	
	1	Coast	Coast	0 1			,	
	2	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	Fast Ramp	to Stop (P-24),	Coast if P-24 =	0		
	3	Ramp to Stop (P-04) with AC Flux Braking	Fast Ramp	to Stop (P-24),	Coast if P-24 =	0		
	4	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	No action					
P-06	Energy (Optimiser		0	1	0	-	
	motor durin	ng light load operation. In general, this function is	suited to Fan,	Pump and Com	pressor applicat	ons.		
	Setting	Motor Energy Optimisation		ve Energy Optimisation				
	0	Disabled	Disabled					
		Enabled	Disabled					
	2	B.	- 11 1					
		Disabled	Enabled					
	3	Disabled Enabled	Enabled Enabled					
P-07			Enabled	0	250 / 500	230 / 400	V	
P-07	Motor ReBLDC) For Inducti	Enabled	Enabled ed (PM /	ate) voltage of	the motor (Volts)		v	
P-07	Motor R BLDC) For Inducti	Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated spectors on Motors, this parameter should be set to the recommendation.	Enabled ed (PM /	ate) voltage of tack EMF at rat	the motor (Volts)		V	
	Motor R BLDC) For Inducti For Perman	enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated special control on Motors, this parameter should be set to the repeat Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be set to the repeat of the set of the repeat of the set	Enabled ed (PM / ated (nameple be set to the B	ate) voltage of ack EMF at rat	the motor (Volts) ed speed.			
P-08	Motor Ri BLDC) For Inducti For Perman	Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated spectors on Motors, this parameter should be set to the report of the set of the result of the set of the se	Enabled ed (PM / ated (nameple be set to the B	ate) voltage of ack EMF at rat	the motor (Volts) ed speed.			
P-08	Motor R BLDC) For Inducti For Perman Motor R This param	Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated special control on Motors, this parameter should be set to the rement Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be ated Current meter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current	Enabled ed (PM / ated (nameple be set to the Be sent of the mot	pate) voltage of ack EMF at rat Drive or.	the motor (Volts) ed speed. Rating Depe	ndent	A	
	Motor Ri BLDC) For Inducti For Perman Motor Ri This param This param	Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated spectors on Motors, this parameter should be set to the report of Motors, it should be set to the report of Motors of Brushless DC Motors, it should be ated Current of Motors	Enabled ed (PM / ated (nameple be set to the Be sent of the mot	pate) voltage of ack EMF at rat Drive or.	the motor (Volts) ed speed. Rating Depe	ndent	A	

ar.	Description	on			Minimum	Maximu	m Default	Units			
-11	Low Frequency Torque Boost O.0 Drive Dependent %										
	Low frequency torque can be improved by increasing this parameter. Excessive boost levels may however result in high motor current and increased risk of tripping on Over Current or Motor Overload (refer to section 10.1. Fault Code Messages). This parameter operates in conjunction with P-51 (Motor Control Mode) as follows:										
	P-51	P-11									
	0	O E	Boost is automatically calculated according to autotune data.								
		>0 \	/oltage boost = P-11 x P-07:	This voltage is applie	d at 0.0Hz, a	nd linearly re	duced until P-09 / 2.				
	1	All \	/oltage boost = P-11 x P-07.	This voltage is applie	d at 0.0Hz, a	nd linearly re	duced until P-09 /	´ 2.			
	2, 3, 4 All Boost current level = 4*P-11*P-08.										
	the range s Frame Size Frame Size Frame Size	hown below 1: 60 – 809 2: 50 – 609 3: 40 – 509	ately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 c. % of motor rated current. % of motor rated current. % of motor rated current. % of motor rated current.	until the motor curre	nt is approxim	nately the ma	gnetising current (il	rknown) o			
			o en meren railea comenii.		^	9	0				
P-12	Primary	Command	Source								
12	0: Termin 1: Uni-dir an external 2: Bi-dire or an extern	rectional K remote Keyp ctional Ke nal remote Ke	The drive responds directly (eypad Control. The drive pad. ypad Control. The drive coeypad. Pressing the keypad S	e can be controlled i an be controlled in the TART button toggles b	n the forward e forward and petween forwa	rminals. direction onl reverse direction and reverse	y using the internal ctions u using the int se.				
12	0: Termin 1: Uni-dir an external 2: Bi-dire or an extern 3: Modbu 4: Modbu 5: PI Cont 6: PI Ana 7: CAN Co	al Control rectional Ke remote Keyl ctional Ke nal remote Ke us Networ us Networ trol. User Pl log Summ control. Cor	The drive responds directly Keypad Control. The drive pad. ypad Control. The drive co	e can be controlled in the TART button toggles be abus RTU (RS485) under the signal. With external feedback the internal Accel / December 2015	the control te in the forward and between forward sing the interna- terface with A ck signal and a Decel ramps.	rminals. direction onl reverse director and reverse al Accel / Dece	y using the internal stions u using the internal see. ecel ramps. I ramps updated v tith analog input 1.	ternal keyp			
12	O: Termin 1: Uni-dir an external 2: Bi-dire or an extern 3: Modbu 4: Modbu 5: PI Cont 6: PI Ana 7: CAN Co 8: CAN Co	al Control rectional K remote Keyp ctional Ke nal remote Ke us Networ us Networ trol. User Pl log Summ pontrol. Cor ontrol. Cor	Let The drive responds directly to the drive pad. The drive pad. The drive pa	e can be controlled in the TART button toggles be dbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / December 2015	the control te in the forward and between forward sing the internated with A ck signal and a Decel ramps.	rminals. direction onl reverse directord and reversel Accel / Decensel Decense Decensel Decense Dec	y using the internal stions u using the internal se. ecel ramps. I ramps updated v ith analog input 1. N. st be > 1.	ternal keyp			
13	O: Termin 1: Uni-dir an external 2: Bi-dire or an extern 3: Modbu 4: Modbu 5: PI Cont 6: PI Ana 7: CAN Co 8: CAN Co 9: Slave I NOTE Wh Provides a co	al Control rectional Ke remote Keyp ctional Ke nal remote Ke us Networ us Networ trol. User Pl log Summ control. Cor Mode. Con en P-12 = 1, g Mode Se quick set up to	The drive responds directly Keypad Control. The drive pad. ypad Control. Control via Monda Control. Ke Control. Control via Monda control with external feedboom patrol via CAN (RS485) using patrol via CAN (RS485) interfectivol via a connected Invertek 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable	e can be controlled in the TART button toggles be abus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / December 2015 acres with Accel / December 2015 acres with authorized acres with Accel / December 2015 ac	the control te in the forward and between forward sing the internate with A ck signal and a Decel ramps. cel ramps upon de. Slave driv ovided at the	rminals. direction onl reverse directord and reverse al Accel / Dece summation w dated via CAI e address mu control termin	y using the internal stions u using the internal se. ecel ramps. I ramps updated v ith analog input 1. N. ust be > 1. nals, digital input 1	ternal keypia Modbus			
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	O: Termin 1: Uni-dir an external 2: Bi-dire or an extern 3: Modbu 4: Modbu 5: PI Cont 6: PI Ana 7: CAN Co 8: CAN Co 9: Slave I NOTE Wh Operatin Provides a c to the table. 0: Industr 1: Pump I 2: Fan Mo	al Control rectional K remote Keyr ctional Key ctional	The drive responds directly (Ceypad Control. The drive pad.) ypad Control. The drive copypad. Pressing the keypad Sirk Control. Control via Mork Control. Control via Mork Control with external feedboom of the Control with	e can be controlled in the TART button toggles be dbus RTU (RS485) in dbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. With external feedback the internal Accel / Dece with Accel / Dece drive in Master Mod signal must still be precording to the internal accel applications.	the control te in the forward and between forward sing the internaterface with A ck signal and a Decel ramps. cel ramps upo de. Slave driv. ovided at the O Bed applicatio	rminals. direction onlareverse directord and reverse al Accel / Decensummation was dated via CAI e address mucontrol terminal 2 rt (P-33)	y using the internal ctions u using the internal see. eccel ramps. I ramps updated v tith analog input 1. N. east be > 1. east, digital input 1 O Parameters are presented.	ternal keypoia Modbus eset accord load Limi) Index 2			
	O: Termin 1: Uni-dir an external 2: Bi-dire or an extern 3: Modbu 4: Modbu 5: PI Cont 6: PI Ana 7: CAN Co 8: CAN Co 9: Slave I NOTE Wh Operatin Provides a c to the table. 0: Industr 1: Pump I 2: Fan Mo	al Control rectional Ke remote Keyp ctional Ke ral remote Key s Networ s Networ trol. User Pl log Summ control. Cor Mode. Con en P-12 = 1, g Mode Se quick set up to tial Mode. Mode. Intende Applicate	The drive responds directly (Ceypad Control. The drive pad. Pressing the keypad Sick Control. Control via Mork Control. Control via Mork Control. Control via Mork Control with external feedbartion Control. PI control via CAN (RS485) using natrol via CAN (RS485) interfector via a connected Invertex 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable elect of configure key parameters a latended for general purpose aded for centrifugal pump appead for Fan applications. Current Limit (P-54)	e can be controlled in the TART button toggles be dbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedback the internal Accel / December of the internal accel / drive in Master Modes and must still be precording to the internal accel / December of the internal acce	the control te in the forward and between forward sing the interniterface with A ck signal and a Decel ramps. cel ramps upor de. Slave driv. ovided at the O Spin Sta O: 0	rminals. direction onlareverse directord and reverse al Accel / Decensummation was dated via CAI e address mucontrol terminal 2 rt (P-33)	y using the internal stions u using the internal second ramps. I ramps updated volith analog input 1. N. In the second ramps updated volith analog input 1. Parameters are presented as a second rameter are presented to the second representation (P-60).	ternal keyp ia Modbus - eset accord load Limi) Index 2			
	O: Termin 1: Uni-dir an external 2: Bi-dire or an extern 3: Modbu 4: Modbu 5: PI Cont 6: PI Ana 7: CAN Co 8: CAN Co 9: Slave I NOTE Wh Operatin Provides a c to the table. 0: Industr 1: Pump I 2: Fan Mo Setting	al Control rectional Ke remote Keyp ctional Keyp rol. User Pl log Summ control. Cor Mode. Cor en P-12 = 1, g Mode So quick set up to cial Mode. Intende Applicat Genere	The drive responds directly (Ceypad Control. The drive pad. Pressing the keypad Sick Control. Control via Mork Control. Control via Mork Control. Control via Mork Control with external feedbartion Control. PI control via CAN (RS485) using natrol via CAN (RS485) interfector via a connected Invertex 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable elect of configure key parameters a latended for general purpose aded for centrifugal pump appead for Fan applications. Current Limit (P-54)	e can be controlled in the TART button toggles be dbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedback the internal Accel / December of the internal feedback are with Accel / December of the internal feedbac	the control te in the forward and between forward sing the internated with A ck signal and a Decel ramps. cel ramps upo de. Slave driv ovided at the Spin Sta O: 0	rminals. direction onl reverse directord and reverse al Accel / Decensummation was detected via CAI ended and reverse al Accel / Decensummation was detected via CAI ended	y using the internal stions u using the internal see. eccel ramps. I ramps updated v ith analog input 1. N. est be > 1. nals, digital input 1 O Parameters are presented of the presented of th	ternal keypoia Modbus - eset accord Ioad Limi D Index 2 Reduction			

Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This parameter must be set to the value programmed in P-37 (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to view and adjust Advanced Parameters. The code may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired.

6.2. Extended Parameters

P-15	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P- 13	Digital Input Function Select	0	17	0	-					
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mod Macro Configurations for more information.	de setting in P-12.	See section 7. A	nalog and Di	gital Input					
P-16	Analog Input 1 Signal Format	See E	Below	U0-10	-					
	U D- ID = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minin offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequence				scaling and					
	 B □- I□ = Uni-polar O to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset ar volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%. B □-2□ = 0 to 20mA Signal. 				l from a 0 – 10					
	E 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the faur 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1		•		Α.					
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the faul	t code 4-20F if t	ne signal level fa	lls below 3m/	٩.					
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1	(P-20 if the signo	l level falls belov	w 3mA.						
	U ID - D = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at N reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.	laximum Frequenc	cy / Speed if the	analog						
P-17	Maximum Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz					
	Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is dis has been reduced to the level in POO-32 due to excessive drive heats		oarameter is viev	wed, the switc	_					
P-18	Output Relay Function Select	0	9	1	-					
		1 .1	h . I I h	. 5 10						
	4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current excee 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the drive is reached to analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the drive is reached to analog Input 2 > Limit.	eeds the adjustably is below the adjustable ow the adjustable og input 2 exceed	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19.	n P- 19.).					
D 10	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency. 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below. 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to anal. 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not	eds the adjustably is below the adjustable og input 2 exceeds trip present.	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable	n P- 19. limit set in P- 19						
P-19	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to anal 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level	weds the adjustable y is below the adjustable og input 2 exceed of trip present.	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19.	n P- 19.	%					
	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Page 1.	eds the adjustably is below the adjustable og input 2 exceed trip present.	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable	n P-19. limit set in P-19	%					
P-20	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency. 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is belowed as: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy. Prive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Preset Frequency / Speed 1	peeds the adjustably is below the adjustable og input 2 exceeds trip present. 0.0 -18. -P-01	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01	n P-19. limit set in P-19	% Hz / RPM					
P-20 P-21	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below as: 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2	peds the adjustable is below the adjustable og input 2 exceed the present. 0.0 -18. -P-01 -P-01	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01	n P-19. limit set in P-19 100.0 5.0 25.0	% Hz/RPM					
P-20 P-21 P-22	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency. 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below as: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy. Prive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Prive Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2 Preset Frequency / Speed 3	peeds the adjustably is below the adjustable og input 2 exceed trip present. O.O -18. -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01	100.0 5.0 40.0	% Hz/RPN Hz/RPN					
P-20 P-21 P-22	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below as: 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not related the reshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Pareset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4	eds the adjustable is below the adjustable og input 2 exceed the present. 0.0 -18. -P-01 -P-01 -P-01 -P-01	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	n P-19. limit set in P-19 100.0 5.0 25.0	% Hz/RPN Hz/RPN					
P-20 P-21 P-22	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below as: 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not	eeds the adjustably is below the adjustable of the adjustable of the present. O.O -18. -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	100.0 5.0 40.0	% Hz/RPN Hz/RPN					
P-20 P-21 P-22	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency. 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below as: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy. 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not ready to run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not ready. Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4 Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as	peds the adjustably is below the adjustable of t	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	100.0 5.0 40.0	% Hz/RPN Hz/RPN					
P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency. 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below as: 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy. 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not ready. Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4 Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10	peds the adjustably is below the adjustable of t	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	100.0 5.0 40.0	% Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN					
P-19 P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds: 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency. 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below as: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analy. 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not ready to run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not ready. Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4 Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as	reds the adjustably is below the adjustable of t	e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set i limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01 3. When set to	100.0 100.0 5.0 25.0 40.0 P-09	% Hz/RPN Hz/RPN Hz/RPN S					

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units						
P-25	Analog Output Function Select	0	11	8	-						
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC										
	O: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running).										
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.										
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output fred	quency matches th	e setpoint freque	ncy.							
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.										
	4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output freque	•									
	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exc	'									
	6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency	,	•	in P-19.							
	7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19. Analog Output Mode 8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1 Hz.										
	9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.										
	10: Output Power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power.										
	11: Load Current. 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A.										
P-26	Skip frequency hysteresis band	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM						
P-27	Skip Frequency Centre Point	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM						
P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	V						
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz						
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at whice taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this fa		n P-29 is applied	to the motor. (Care must be						
P-30	Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation										
	Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart	N/A	N/A	Edge-r	-						
	Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input. Automatic Restart function.	ut is present and la	tched during pov	wer on. Also c	onfigures the						
	EdgE-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digita power on or reset to start the drive.	•		must be close	d after a						
	AULa- D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically			l. Tl							
	RUEa- 1 To RUEa-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attenumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powere	on the final attemp	ot, the drive will tr		and will						
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic	0	1	0	-						
	Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl	udes Fire Mode, e	e.g. settings 15, 1	6 & 17.							
	O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is or										
	1: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is clo										
	Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type	0	1	0	-						
	Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes	Fire Mode, e.g. se	ttings 15, 16 & 1	7.							
	O: Maintained Input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as (Normally Open or Normally Closed operation is supported dependent)	s long the fire mod	le input signal rer								
	1: Momentary Input. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary si operation is supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will r										

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Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units						
P-31	Keypad Start Mode Select	0	7	1	-						
	This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (Psettings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, a 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals direct	and control term	ninals 1 and 2 mi	ust be linked tog	ether. Setting						
	0: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start	,, ,,		, ,							
	1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start										
	2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable										
	3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable										
	4: Current Speed, Keypad Start										
	5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start										
	6: Current Speed, Terminal Start										
	7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start										
P-32	Index 1: Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	S						
	Index 2: DC Injection Mode	0	2	0	-						
	Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59.										
	Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:										
	0: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.										
	NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled										
	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.										
	2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both sett	tings 0 and 1 a	bove.								
P-33	Spin Start	0	2	0	-						
	0: Disabled										
	1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.										
	2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only disabled.	y activated follo	owing the events	listed, otherwise	e it is						
		0	4	0	_						
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)		-	0 -							
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) 0: Disabled	J	-								
P-34		-	-	200W continuo	us rated						
P-34	O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled	with software p	protection for a 2								
P-34	O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled resistor. 2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal by the second secon	with software p	protection for a 2	e protection. An	external						
P-34	O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled resistor. 2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal between the protection device should be fitted. 3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the	with software p brake chopper Brake Choppe	protection for a 2 without software er is only enable	e protection. An	external ge of the						
P-34 P-35	O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled resistor. 2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal between the protection device should be fitted. 3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however	with software p brake chopper Brake Choppe	protection for a 2 without software er is only enable	e protection. An	external ge of the						

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Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units							
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration		See Be	elow								
	Index 1: Address	0	63	1	-							
	Index 2: Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps							
	Index 3: Communication loss protection	0	3000	t 3000	ms							
	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Serial Communications. The Sub Parameters are:											
	1 st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 – 63, default: 1.											
	2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate and network type for the internal RS485 communication port. For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available. For CAN: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.											
	3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the to Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but	Setting O disable n. A ' E ' suffix sele	s the Watchdog t	imer. Setting a	value of 30,							
P-37	Access Code Definition	0	9999	101	-							
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access pa	rameters above P	-14.									
P-38	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0	-							
	O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed. 1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be char	nged except P-38	J.									
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%							
	Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which is applied to the analog input signal. This parameter operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be displayed in POO-01.											
	The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the follow POO-O1 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35).	wing:										
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor	0.000	16.000	0.000	-							
P-40												
	Index 2: Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-							
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI	tput unit scaled fro			- Motor							
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out	tput unit scaled fro Mode.	om either output fr		- Motor							
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI	tput unit scaled fro Mode.	om either output fr		- Motor							
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10	tput unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the control of the c	om either output fr		- Motor							
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A)	tput unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the control of the c	om either output fr is factor. 'M if P-10 > 0.	equency (Hz),								
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in	tput unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the control of the c	om either output fr is factor. PM if P-10 > 0.	equency (Hz),								
D 41	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by	tput unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the property of	om either output fr is factor. 2M if P-10 > 0. I, internally represepresented as 0	equency (Hz), sented as 0 – 1 - 100.0%.								
P-41	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater char	iput unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the property of	om either output from either output from either output from is factor. Om if P-10 > 0. I, internally represented as 0 - 30.0	equency (Hz), sented as 0 - 1 - 100.0%.	00.0%.							
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater chain the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability.	is multiplied by the put unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the properties of the put of the	om either output from either output from either output from is factor. If in ternally represe peresented as 0 and output frequency in the property of the pro	sented as 0 – 1 - 100.0%.	00.0%. - nall changes							
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater char in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time	tput unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the property of	om either output from either output from either output from either output from either output frequency in the state of the	sented as 0 – 1 - 100.0%. 1.0 1 response to sn	00.0% nall change: 5							
P-42	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater charming the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped results.	is multiplied by the put unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the properties of the put 2 signal lever. P-46, internally recognition of the put 2 signal lever. P-46 internally recognition of the put 2 signal lever. P-46 internally recognition of the put and	om either output from either out	sented as 0 – 1 - 100.0%. 1.0 1 response to sr	00.0% nall changes 5							
P-42	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater char in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped reservalues of the PI Controller Operating Mode	tput unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the property of	om either output from either output frequency in some expression of the either output frequency in the either	sented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 1 response to sr 1.0 Il process respo	00.0% nall change: 5							
P-42	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater chain the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped result of the PI feedback signal of the feedback signal of the PI feedback signal of the feedback signal of the PI feedba	put unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the property of t	om either output from either output from either output from is factor. If is factor. If it is factor	sented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 Il process response to series. ecrease. set to 100%.	00.0%. nall changes 5 onds slowly.							
P-42 P-43	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater charming the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal 2: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but 0 3: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but 0	is multiplied by the control of the	om either output from either output from either output from is factor. If is factor. If it is factor	equency (Hz), sented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 Ill process response to serve excesse. set to 100%. t is set to 100%.	00.0%. nall changes 5 onds slowly.							
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P-42 P-43	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater charming the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode 0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal at It Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal at It Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on 3: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.	is multiplied by the control of the	om either output from either output from either output from is factor. If is factor. If it is factor	equency (Hz), sented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 Ill process response to serve excesse. set to 100%. t is set to 100%.	00.0%. nall changes 5 onds slowly.							
P-42 P-43	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater charming the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal 2: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but 0 3: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint. O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.	put unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the properties of the	om either output from either out	equency (Hz), sented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 Ill process response to some one of the control of	00.0%. nall changes 5 onds slowly.							
P-41 P-42 P-43	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative out Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (A 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog in 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater charming the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode 0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal at It Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal at It Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on 3: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.	put unit scaled from Mode. is multiplied by the properties of the	om either output from either out	equency (Hz), sented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 Ill process response to some one of the control of	00.0%. nall changes 5 onds slowly.							

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P-46	PI Feedback Source Select	0	5	0	-					
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller									
	0: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02.									
	1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01.									
	2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08.									
	3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%.									
	4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted folimited to 0.	from Analog 1 t	o give a differer	ntial signal. The	value is					
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog inp	out values is alw	ays used for PI f	eedback.						
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	-	-	-	U0-10					
	U □- I□ = 0 to 10 Volt Signal.									
	A □-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal.									
	E - 4 = 4 = 4 = 20 to 20 mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code $4 - 20$ F if the signal level falls below 3 mA.									
	r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the signal level falls below 3mA.									
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA.									
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the signal level falls below 3mA.									
	Ptc-th = Use for motor thermistor measurement, valid with any setting	of P-15 that has	Input 3 as E-Tri	o. Trip level: 3kg	Ω , reset $1\mathrm{k}\Omega$.					
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	25.0	0.0	S					
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter (P-02) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display									
P-49	PI Control Wake Up Error Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%					
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Sta define the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedb Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain	ack) required b	efore the drive re	estarts after ente	ering Standby					
P-50	User Output Relay Hysteresis	0.0	100.0	0.0	%					
	Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering when close to the threshold.									

6.3. Advanced Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units							
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0 -								
	0: Vector speed control mode	-										
	1: V/f mode											
	2: PM motor vector speed control											
	3: BLDC motor vector speed control 4: Synchronous Reluctance motor vector speed control											
	4: Synchronous Reluctance motor vector speed control 5: LSPM motor vector speed control											
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	_							
-	0: Disabled		•									
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures requirelated parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 Autotune is not required if P-51 = 1. For settings 2 – 5 of P-51, autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all 6	eter. = 0.			sure all moto							
P-53	Vector Mode Gain	0.0	200.0	50.0	%							
	Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms sin	multaneously. Not	active when P-51	=].								
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	0.0	175.0	150.0	%							
	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes											
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	0.00	655.35	-	Ω							
	Motor stator resistance in Ohms. Determined by Autotune, adjustme	nt is not normally r	equired.									
P-56	Motor Stator d-axis Inductance (Lsd)	0.00	655.35	-	mH							
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.	<u>'</u>										
P-57	Motor Stator q-axis Inductance (Lsq)	0.00	655.35	-	mH							
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.											
P-58	DC Injection Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPA							
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied during braking zero speed if desired.	ng to Stop, allowir	ng DC to be injec	ted before the	drive reache							
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%							
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied according to t	ne conditions set in	n P-32 and P-58.									
P-60	Motor Overload Management	-	-	-	-							
	Index 1: Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	0	1							
	O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload removed from the drive.	protection informa	tion is retained a	fter the mains p	ower is							
	Index 2: Thermal Overload Limit Reaction	0	1	0	1							
	0: It.trp. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the driven 1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator re 100% of P-08 in order to avoid an lt.trp. The current limit will return to	eaches 90% of, the	output current lim	nit is internally re								

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6.4. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

Par.	Description	Explanation
P00-01	1st Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-02	2nd Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Drive digital input status
P00-05	User PI output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output
P00-06	DC bus ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple
P00-07	Applied motor voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P00-08	DC bus voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Heatsink temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C
P00-10	Run time since date of manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00-11	Run time since last trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down
P00-12	Run time since last trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp
P00-14	Run time since last disable (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00-15	DC bus voltage log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-16	Heatsink temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time
P00-17	Motor current log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-18	DC bus ripple log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time
P00-19	Internal drive temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time
P00-20	Internal drive temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C
P00-21	CAN process data input	Incoming process data (RX PDO 1) for CAN: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4
P00-22	CAN process data output	Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4
P00-23	Accumulated time with heatsink > 85 °C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C
P00-24	Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80°C
P00-25	Estimated rotor speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive
P00-27	Total run time of drive fans (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss
P00-28	Software version and checksum	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage
P00-29	Drive type identifier	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes
P00-30	Drive serial number	Unique drive serial number
P00-31	Motor current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq
P00-32	Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive
P00-33	Critical fault counter – O-l	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are
P00-34	Critical fault counter – O-Volts	useful for diagnostic purposes
P00-35	Critical fault counter – U-Volts	
P00-36	Critical fault counter - O-temp (h/sink)	
P00-37	Critical fault counter – b O-I (chopper)	
P00-38	Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control)	
P00-39	Modbus comms error counter	
P00-40	CANbus comms error counter	
P00-41	I/O processor comms errors	
P00-42	Power stage uC comms errors	T. 116 a. 61a. al. 11
P00-43	Drive power up time (life time) (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied
P00-44	Phase U current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-45	Phase V current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-46	Phase W current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-47	Index 1: Fire mode total active time Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count	Total activation time of Fire Mode Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated
P00-48	Scope channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2
P00-49	Scope channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4
P00-50	Bootloader and motor control	Internal value

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

7.1. Overview

Optidrive E3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

- P-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- P-15 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P-16 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P-30 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P-31 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for

7.2. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key for pages 32 to 34.

STOP / RUN	Latched input, Close to Run, Open to Stop.
Forward Rotation / Reverse Rotation	Selects the direction of motor operation.
All REF	Analog Input 1 is the selected speed reference.
P-xx REF	Speed setpoint from the selected preset speed.
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24.
E-TRIP	External Trip input, which must be Normally Closed. When the input opens, the drive trips showing E-E- iP or PEc-Eh depending on P-47 setting.
(NO)	Normally Open Contact, Momentarily Close to Start.
(NC)	Normally Closed Contact, momentary Open to Stop.
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode, see section 7.7. Fire Mode.
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start signal via the fieldbus interface.
INC SPD	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.
DEC SPD	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN / Master depending on P-12 setting).

7.3. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

P-15		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 / AI1		Diagram	
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1		
0	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	1	
1	STOP	RUN	All REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Inp		1	
2	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3		PR	P-20 - P-23	P-01	2	
			0	0	P.	-20				
			1	0	P	-21				
			0	1	P.	-22				
			1	1	P-	-23				
3	STOP	RUN	Al1	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3	
4	STOP	RUN	All	Al2	Analog	Input AI2	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	4	
5	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV O	Al1	P-20 REF	Analog Input Al 1		1	
		^FA	AST STOP (P-2	4)^						
6	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3	
7	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3	
		<u>ک</u>	AST STOP (P-2	4) ^						
8	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV	DI3	DI4	PR		2	
•	3101	KOIN	FVVD O	KEV	0	0	P-20		Ζ.	
					1	0	P-21			
					0	1	P-22		_	
					1	1	P-23			
9	STOP	START FWD	STOP	START REV	DI3	DI4	PR		2	
		U		J					_	
		^FA	AST STOP (P-2	4)^	0	0	P-20			
					1	0	P-21			
					0	1	P-22			
					1	1	P-23			
10	(NO)	START _	STOP	(NC)	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp		5	
11	(NO)	START 1 FWD 0	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START ゴ REV び	Analog Inp	ut Al l	6	
		^		AST STOP (P-24		^				
12	STOP	RUN	FAST STOP (P-24)	OK	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp		7	
13	(NO)	START FWD ひ	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV	KPD REF	P-20 REF	13	
			F	L	1)					
14	STOP	RUN		12	E-TRIP	OK	DI2 DI4	PR	11	
				_			0 0	P-20		
							1 0	P-21		
							0 1	P-22		
							1 1	P-23		
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	Al1	Fire	Mode	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	1	
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF		Mode	FWD	REV	2	
17	STOP	RUN	D	12	Fire	Mode	DI2 DI4	PR	2	
							0 0	P-20		
							1 0	P-21		
							0 1	P-22		
							1 1	P-23		
18	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	Fire	Mode	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	1	

7.4. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

		DII	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4	/ All	Diagram
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	enable	-	INC SPD 1	-	DEC SPD ↓	FWD ひ	REV び	8
				^	START	^			
1	STOP	ENABLE			PI Speed Reference				
2	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	-	DEC SPD ↓	KPD REF	P-20 REF	8
				^	START	^			
3	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1		OK	-	DEC SPD ↓	9
				^		START		^	
4	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	KPD REF	All REF	A	411	10
5	STOP	ENABLE	FWD ひ	REV び	KPD REF	All REF	A	11	1
6	STOP	ENABLE	FWD 🖰	REV び	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
7	STOP	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV ೮	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
		^FA	ST STOP (P-24	1)^					
8	STOP	RUN FWD 🖔	STOP	RUN REV ೮	KPD REF	All REF	A	411	
14	STOP	RUN	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	-	-	
15	STOP	RUN	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV び	2
17	STOP	RUN	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	2
18	STOP	RUN	All REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode		11	1
				9,10,1	1,12, 13 = 0		·		

7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

		DII	D	12	DI3	/ Al2	DI4 /	AII	Diagram
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	enable	FB RE	F (Fieldbus Spe		Modbus RTU / by P-12)	CAN / Master	-Slave	14
1	STOP	ENABLE			PI Speed	Reference		15	
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	3	
5	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Input Al 1		1
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
6	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	All REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	Analog Input Al 1	
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
7	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	3
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
14	STOP	ENABLE	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	16
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	nput Al 1	1
17	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	nput Al 1	1
18	STOP	ENABLE	All REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	nput Al 1	1
				2,4,8,9,	10,11,12,13 =	0	•		•

7.6. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

0			12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 /	All	Diagram
- U	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
STOP	enable	PI REF	P-20 REF	Al2		All		4
STOP	ENABLE	PI REF	All REF	Al2	(PI FB)	All		4
STOP	ENABLE	PI REF	P-20	E-TRIP	OK	All (Pi	FB)	3
(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	AI2 (PI FB)		All		12
(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	PI REF	P-20 REF	AII (PI	FB)	5
(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	E-TRIP	OK	AII (PI	FB)	
STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	Al2	(PI FB)	All		4
STOP	RUN	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	All (Pi	FB)	16
STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	All (Pi	FB)	1
STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire	Mode	All (Pi	FB)	1
STOP	RUN	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	All (Pi	FB)	1
STOP	RUN	All REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	AII (PIFB)		1
0, 0, () () 0, 0, 0, 0,	STOP STOP NO) NO) STOP STOP STOP STOP STOP	STOP ENABLE STOP ENABLE NO) START NO) START STOP RUN STOP RUN STOP RUN STOP RUN STOP RUN STOP RUN	ENABLE PI REF STOP ENABLE PI REF NO) START (NC) NO) START (NC) NO) START (NC) STOP RUN FWD U STOP RUN - STOP RUN P-23 REF STOP RUN P-21 REF	ENABLE PI REF All REF STOP ENABLE PI REF P-20 NO) START (NC) STOP NO) START (NC) STOP NO) START (NC) STOP STOP RUN FWD & REV & STOP RUN P-23 REF PI REF STOP RUN P-21 REF STOP RUN P-21 REF STOP RUN All REF PI REF	STOP ENABLE PI REF Al1 REF Al2 STOP ENABLE PI REF P-20 E-TRIP NO) START (NC) STOP Al2 NO) START (NC) STOP PI REF NO) START (NC) STOP E-TRIP STOP RUN FVVD V REV V Al2 STOP RUN - E-TRIP STOP RUN P-23 REF PI REF Fire STOP RUN P-23 REF P-21 REF Fire STOP RUN P-21 REF P-21 REF Fire	STOP ENABLE PI REF Al1 REF Al2 (PI FB) STOP ENABLE PI REF P-20 E-TRIP OK NO) START (NC) STOP Al2 (PI FB) NO) START (NC) STOP PI REF P-20 REF NO) START (NC) STOP E-TRIP OK STOP RUN FWD **\mathref{\mathref{O}} REV **\mathref{\mathref{O}} Al2 (PI FB) STOP RUN FWD **\mathref{O} REV **\mathref{O} Al2 (PI FB) STOP RUN FWD **\mathref{O} REV **\mathref{O} Al2 (PI FB) STOP RUN P-23 REF PI REF Fire Mode STOP RUN P-21 REF P-23 REF Fire Mode STOP RUN Al1 REF PI REF Fire Mode	STOP ENABLE PI REF ALL REF ALL (PI FB) ALL STOP ENABLE PI REF P-20 E-TRIP OK ALL (PI FB) NO) START (NC) STOP ALL (PI FB) ALL NO) START (NC) STOP PI REF P-20 REF ALL (PI FB) NO) START (NC) STOP E-TRIP OK ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN FWD O REV O ALL (PI FB) ALL STOP RUN - E-TRIP OK ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN P-23 REF PI REF Fire Mode ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN P-23 REF P-21 REF Fire Mode ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN P-23 REF P-21 REF FIRE Mode ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN P-21 REF P-23 REF FIRE Mode ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN P-21 REF P-23 REF FIRE Mode ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN ALL REF PI REF FIRE Mode ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN ALL REF PI REF FIRE MODE ALL (PI FB) STOP RUN ALL REF PI REF FIRE MODE ALL (PI FB)	STOP ENABLE PI REF Al1 REF Al2 (PI FB) Al1 STOP ENABLE PI REF P-20 E-TRIP OK Al1 (PI FB) NO) START (NC) STOP Al2 (PI FB) Al1 NO) START (NC) STOP PI REF P-20 REF Al1 (PI FB) NO) START (NC) STOP E-TRIP OK Al1 (PI FB) STOP RUN FWD O REV O Al2 (PI FB) Al1 STOP RUN - E-TRIP OK Al1 (PI FB) STOP RUN P-23 REF PI REF Fire Mode Al1 (PI FB) STOP RUN P-23 REF P-21 REF Fire Mode Al1 (PI FB) STOP RUN Al1 REF PI REF Fire Mode Al1 (PI FB)

2,9,10,11,12,13 = 0

P1 Setpoint source is selected by P-44 (default is fixed value in P-45, A11 may also be selected). P1 Feedback source is selected by P-46 (default is A12, other options may be selected).

7.7. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

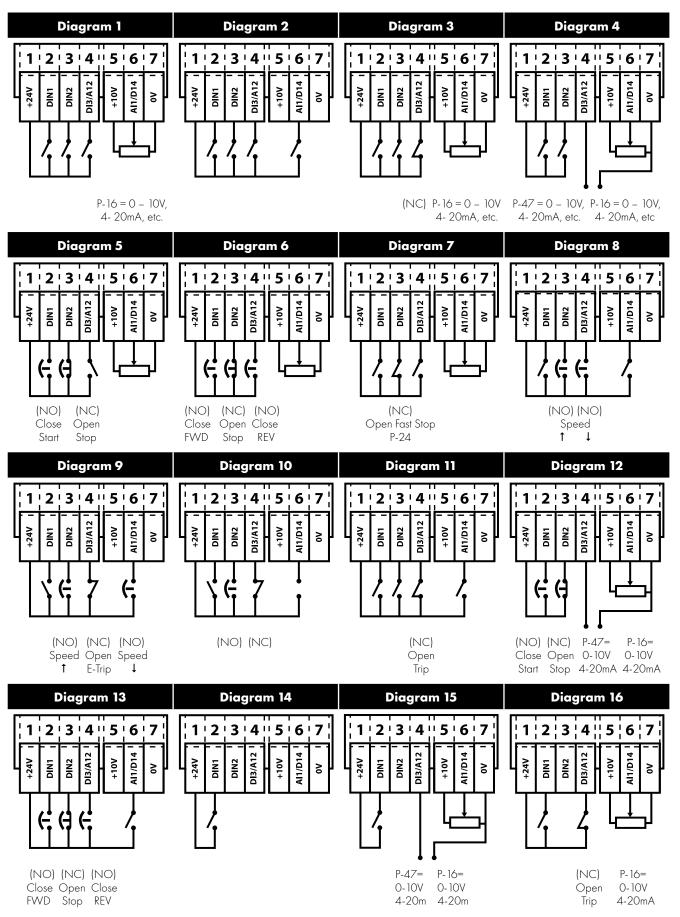
Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip).

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

7.8. Example Connection Diagrams



8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The Optidrive E3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

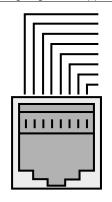
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Error check	CRC
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)
User interface	RJ45
Supported Function Codes	03 Read Multiple Holding Registers
	06 Write Single Holding Register
	16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)

8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website:

www.sentera.eu

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4,7, 8 or 9).



1	CAN -
2	CAN+
3	O Volts
4	-RS485 (PC)
5	+RS485 (PC)
6	+24 Volt
7	-RS485 (Modbus RTU)
8	+RS485 (Modbus RTU)

Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.

8.4. Modbus Register Map

Register Number	Par.	Туре	Supported Function Codes			Function		Range	Explanation	
Number			03	06	16	Low Byte	High Byte			
1	-	R/W	V	V	V	Drive Control Command		03	16 Bit Word. Bit O: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2: Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3: Low - No Function, High = Coast Stop Request	
2	-	R/W	~	~	~	Modbus Speed reference setpoint		05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
4	-	R/W	~	~	~	Acceleration and Deceleration Time		060000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds	
6	-	R	V			Error code	Drive status		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1. Fault Code Messages High Byte = Drive Status as follows: O: Drive Stopped 1: Drive Running 2: Drive Tripped	
7		R	~			Output Motor Frequency		020000	Output frequency in Hz x 10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
8		R	/			Output Mo	otor Current	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x 10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps	
11	-	R	~			Digital in	put status	015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1	
20	POO-01	R	1			Analog In	put 1 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x 10, e.g. 1000 = 100%	
21	POO-02	R	~			Analog Input 2 value Speed Reference Value DC bus voltage Drive temperature		01000	Analog input % of full scale x 10, e.g. 1000 = 100%	
22	POO-03	R	~					01000	Displays the setpoint frequency x 10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
23	POO-08	R	/					01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts	
24	P00-09	R	1					0100	Drive heatsink temperature in °C	

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

9. Technical Data

9.1. Environmental

-10 ... 50°C (frost and condensation free) Operational ambient temperature range Open Drives

Enclosed Drives -10 ... 40°C (frost and condensation free)

Storage ambient temperature range -40 ... 60°C

Maximum altitude 2000m. Derate above 1000m: 1% / 100m

95%, non-condensing Maximum humidity

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

9.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current	Fuse / MCB (Type B)			Maximum Cable Size		Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG	A	Ω
110 - 115 (+	110 - 115 (+ / - 10%) V 1 Phase Input, 230V 3 Phase Output (Voltage Doubler)								
1	0.37	0.5	7.8	10	10	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	15.8	25	20	8	8	4.3	-
2	1.1	1.5	21.9	32	30	8	8	5.8	100
200 - 240 (+/-10%	%) V 1 P	hase Input, 3	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	25
200 - 240 (+/-10%	%) V 3 P	hase Input, 3	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	25
3	5.5	<i>7</i> .5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	20
4	<i>7</i> .5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	10
380 - 480 (+ / - 10%	%)V 3 Pł	ase Input, 3	Phase Outp	out				
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120
3	5.5	<i>7</i> .5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	80
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	50
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	<i>7</i> 0	16	5	46	22

NOTE Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models intended for operation from three phase mains power supply (e.g. model codes ODE-3-xxxxxx-3xxx) may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity.

In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive E3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply Requirements							
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum.						
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS.						
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.						
	All Optidrive E3 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub-continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors.						
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation						
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current			
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	100kA rms (AC)			
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	11 (15)	100kA rms (AC)			
	400 / 460V	0.75 (1)	22 (30)	100kA rms (AC)			
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by Class J fuses.						

Mechanical Installation Requirements

All Optidrive E3 units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 9.1. Environmental.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1. Environmental.

For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.

For IP66 (Nema 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.

Frame size 4 drives must be mounted in an enclosure in a manner that ensures the drive is protected from 12.7mm (1/2 inch) of deformation of the enclosure if the enclosure impacted

Electrical Installation Requirements

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

75°C Copper must be used.

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units and 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units.

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to ground), 480 Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections

General Requirements

Optidrive E3 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.9.2. Motor Thermistor Connection.

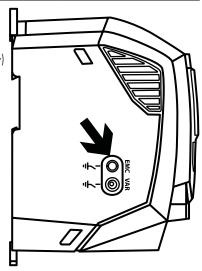
9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screw as indicated right.

The Optidrive product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.



10. Troubleshooting

10.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
no-FLE	00	No Fault	Not required.
01-6	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor.
□- 1	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor.
			NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
1_E-E-P	04	Motor Thermal Overload (12t)	The drive has tripped after delivering > 100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.
PS-E-P	05	Power stage trip	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34.
U-uort	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.
U-F	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. Temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded	
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
50-065	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
FLE-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced.
P-L055	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.
h 0-1	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable.
			Note: Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
th-FLt	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	
dALA-F	17	Internal memory fault (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).
dAFA-E	19	Internal memory fault (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan.
O-hEAL	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided.
OUL-F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.
AFE-DI	40	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct.
AFE-05	41		Check the motor cable and connections for continuity.
AFE-03	42		Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced.
AFE-DA	43		
ALF-OS	44		
5C-F0 I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable. Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in
CC CO3	C1	CANL	P-36 Index 3.
5C-F02	51	CAN comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable. Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.

NOTE Following an over current or overload trip (3, 4, 5, 15), the drive may not be reset until the reset time delay has elapsed to prevent damage to the drive.



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